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National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited. . . . . Montreal.

**INTERNATIONAL DAIRY SHOW.**  
(Union Press Service.)  
Milwaukee, Wis., Oct. 10.—The International Dairy show, the second of its kind held in this city was opened today at the big auditorium in a

ure Wilson. The exhibition, which will continue until Wednesday of next week, is by far the greatest and most important ever held in the west. No

representing nearly every known breed are exhibited on this occasion and practically every section of the United States, as well as Canada and several countries of Europe and of South America.

most interesting features are model plants of dairies, butter and cheese factories, etc., all under the strict su-

Among the prize animals exhibited were some of the most famous cows of the world, among them Pauline Wayne, the favorite of the White House stables.

**RIOTS IN RUSSIA.**  
(Western Associated Press.)  
St. Petersburg, Oct. 10.—An

On the rumor that the Jews had produced a boy, a mob attacked the Jewish houses.

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We pay for all the medicine used during the trial, if our remedy fails completely relieve you of constipation.

obligated to us in any way whatever if you accept our offer. Could anything be more fair for you? Is there a reason why you should hesitate to put our claims to a practical test?

A most scientific common-sense treatment is Rexall Orderlies, which are eaten like candy. They are very pronounced, gentle and pleasant in action and particularly agreeable in even the most acute cases of diarrhea.

We urge you to try Rexall Orderlies

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Directly opposite the new East End Bridge now under construction. Every lot high and dry; inside new City Limits. Will rapidly increase in value when bridge is completed next summer.

## Some Good Buys In H. B. R.

Lot 189, Block 12... \$1350  
1/2 cash, bal. 6-12 months  
Lot 239, Block 13... \$1375  
Terms easy  
Lot 210, Block 8... \$1700  
1/2 cash, bal. 6-12 months

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Double corner... \$1850  
Third cash

7-roomed Modern House on McCauley street, between Namayo and Syndicate... \$3200  
1/2 cash, 6-12 months

## Windsor Realty Limited

572 FIRST STREET  
Phone 4654

## FORT SASKATCHEWAN WRAPPED IN GLOOM

HYDRO-ELECTRIC DAM GIVES WAY AND CITY IS MISERABLE FOR LIGHT AND POWER.

Owing to an accident on Sunday night when twenty feet of the hydro electric dam was washed away by the force of the water, Fort Saskatchewan was left in a state of gloom. Six weeks will be required to repair the damage and to supply the town's needs until everything is in working shape again, the engine at the old power plant are being overhauled to be placed in commission temporarily. The sales in the dam had been closed and it had just been allowed to fill to the top when the break occurred. The dam gave away right where the strain was greatest and the accident is said to have been due to defective engineering. No one was injured. The dam was constructed originally at a cost of \$25,000, and the damage resulting from Sunday night's mishap is estimated at \$3,000.

## CANADIAN CLUB LUNCHEON.

An address to the Canadian club will be delivered tomorrow at one o'clock at the luncheon of a luncheon in Lewis' cafe by P. C. Wade, K.C., of Vancouver. The subject of Mr. Wade's address will be "The War of the Canadian to Work the Game of General Wolfe."



THEL BELL, Prima Donna with Madame Sherry Company, Empire Theatre, Monday, October 16th.

## FORM ALLIED TRADES COUNCIL IN CITY

Object is to Maintain a More Effective Supervision of the Union

A meeting was held last evening for the purpose of forming an Allied Trades Council for Edmonton. Those present were the representatives of the various unions, the daily appointed delegates from the respective local unions: Book Binders, J. Webster, J. Hetherford and E. Whitley; Pressmen, J. E. Brien, A. B. Groat; and J. Conway; Typographical, T. E. Brien, A. G. Brien and A. B. Groat. The officers elected for the first term are: President, J. E. Brien; Vice-President, J. Webster; Secretary, A. B. Groat. The object of the Allied Trades Council is to maintain a more united and more effective control of the Union Label, and to establish a more general use of it among the manufacturers and dealers generally when getting of any kind is to be done by them. Provision is made for the formation of this council in the constitutions of the several International Unions involved, and the steps taken here in accordance with those requirements. The union power of each union represents 1/10 of the council is established by vote, as an additional vote to each union on a basis of its membership where such a vote is demanded.

## PRESS AGENTS SAY

AT THE LYCEUM

The offering for the last half of the week commences Thursday afternoon at the Lyceum Theatre will be the Lewis and Lake company in the Parisian Belles, which is a force of the better kind set to music. The theme of the piece has to do with a poor boy pecked husband whose wife will not let him stay out of her sight. The husband finally asserts himself as master of the household and his method of running it is the cause of many hearty laughs, the songs are in capable hands among the various principals of the company assisted by the dashing dancing pupils who have been given great favorites with the Lyceum audiences. Next week will be the last of the Lewis and Lake company, as prior booking forbids a longer engagement.

## MADAME SHERRY.

What the New York Review says of Nordica who will sing at the Lyceum Theatre for one night Wednesday, November 1st, the sale of seats opens for the subscribers next Monday. "Madame Nordica, first of the grand opera stars to begin work, this season, gave her initial public concert of the year here tonight, assisted by Myron Whiting, the basso, of Washington, and Romanyne Simon, the contralto. The singer, who was in fine voice after the summer's rest, was received by an enthusiastic audience, among whom were many who have heard Nordica on former tours. The diva's repertoire included two Japanese songs by Wakefield Gaidan, Schumann's "Der Nussbaum," Weber's "Ein Arvil," Verdi's "Ave Maria," a duo from "Le Nozze di Figaro" by Nordica and Mrs. Whitley, and "The Erlking" by Shubert, as well as her favorite operatic airs. The opera house was sold out and had been for months past at advanced prices, the more months of the name of Nordica being sufficient to insure a crowded house. The voice which has pleased music lovers all over the civilized world, and brought her honors and orders from European potentates and as highly prized ornaments from her own countrymen, proved as potent as ever it was, and the great singer responded time and again to the demand for encores.

Miss Nordica is traveling in her private car, the "Mandarin," and enjoying all the comforts to which she is accustomed in her own home, which she quitted a few days ago. The tour starting on the four, as the tour will take her through much unbroken country in Canada and the West, in which accommodations are often meagre, Frederic Shipman, her manager, has seen to it that the car was stocked to meet any emergency that might arise. From here Miss Nordica will jump to Lincoln and from there to Salt Lake City, where she is to sing in the great Mormon Tabernacle, with its capacity of 16,000, its marvellous human organ and the most wonderful acoustics in the world. She will reach Salt Lake City at the same time as President Taft, and as they have been friends for many years, the singer has invited him to be the guest of honor at the concert on October 5.

The next few weeks the singer will spend in San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland, Seattle and other coast towns, after which she goes up into Canada for a month. After her appearances with the Pullmanettes in New York and at the Boston Opera House, Nordica will make her second tour under Mr. Shipman's direction.

## POLICE COURT CASES

Mabel Jackson and Grace Smith, up for vagrancy, pleaded not guilty, but later changed this to guilty and were assessed \$20 and costs of thirty days in the Calgary jail. The case against William T. Olson, charged with theft, was adjourned until Oct. 16th.

## STEAMERS ARRIVE.

The Grand Trunk Pacific railway company city passenger department announces that the Canadian Pacific line's S. S. Lake Manigoba is expected to arrive in Quebec at noon today; the 10 Canadian line's S. S. Ascania due at Quebec noon Thursday 12, Montreal Friday morning 13.

# HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY

The Great Traders of the Great West INCORPORATED A.D. 1070

## Exceedingly Interesting Bargains for Tomorrow

There are Bargains to be found every day, but tomorrow's ought to fill the store from morn till night. Look these over:—

### An Extraordinary Bargain in Fall Suits for Women

Values to \$40. \$22.50. Values to \$40

A complete clearance of several lines of Ladies Suits is the order of the day. These are all New Fall Styles, up to date in every way. Materials are serges, tweeds, broadcloth and velvet. Colors are navy, black, brown, grey, green and bronze. Coats are 28 to 30 inches in length; some prettily braided and have large shawl collar; others are plain tailored, with collar and revers. Skirts are made with new panel back and front. Sizes 16 to 18 in Misses. Women's 34, 36, 38 and 40 bust. Values up to \$40.00. On Sale tomorrow. **22.50**



### A Sensational Bargain in Misses and Women's New Fall Coats

Now \$9.95

Tomorrow our Ladies Ready-to-Wear Department are going to make things hum. Here's one of the Bargains being offered:

Misses and Women's new fall and winter coats in fancy tweeds and heavier cloth. Some made with college collars, others with collar and lapels. Colors are black, navy grey, brown and green. Made in 50, 52 and 54 inch lengths. Styles are strictly up to the minute. Excellent values at regular prices from \$16.50 to \$18. On Sale tomorrow. **9.95**

### Great Bargains in Ribbons

Worth 25c..... 10c..... Worth 25c

Included in the lot are fancywork Ribbons, and Messaline and Taffeta Hair Ribbons, 4 to 5 inches wide. Worth 25c. Specially priced tomorrow at..... **10c**

### Embroidered Stiff Collars

A Great Bargain. 2 for 25c. A Great Bargain

Most stores would sell these collars at 25c each and would be giving value then. Tomorrow we offer this stock of embroidered collars at, 2 For..... **25c**

### Lithographic Cushion Tops to be Cleared

Regular 25c..... 15c..... Regular 25c

To clear up the last few dozens, we offer these 25c cushion tops tomorrow at 15c. Several designs to choose from. Special Price..... **15c**

### Black Openwork Cashmere Hose for Women

Sell Regular 35c..... 20c..... Regular 35c

Nice fine quality Cashmere, fast black with lace openwork ankle. A great bargain at..... **20c**

# The Hudson's Bay Co.

Council Bluffs, Oct. 10.—Many distinguished veterans for forty-first annual reunion here of the society of the army of the Tennessee took part this afternoon in exercises at the unveiling of a memorial to Abraham Lincoln. Gen. Grant, M. Butler, president and among the speakers were Gen. Frederick D. Grant, Bishop Samuel Fallows, and Miss Harriett Lake of Independence, Ia., representing the daughters of the American Revolution.

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The MANLEY CONSTRUCTION CO., Ltd., have a considerable amount of Sewer and Water-Main construction work to do for the City of Strathcona, and are desirous of completing the work before the 31st of DECEMBER NEXT. Men needing about

## Three Months Steady Work

with the pay guaranteed by the City of Strathcona (half-monthly payments) with prospects of overtime and night work, apply at once to

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Our water is Eddy's brand.



SCENE FROM MADAME SHERRY—At the Empire Theatre next Monday.

## Lectures

MAJESTIC THEATRE.

### Prof. Alexander

Wednesday—"Diseases and How to Avoid."

THURSDAY—His Great Lecture on "How to Read Character by Handshake, Walk, Eyes, Nose, Mouth and Chin."

Admission 25c

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YOUNG LIBERAL MEETING  
A FORTUNATE OCCURRENCE

If the gathering of young liberals which took place in the Young Liberal club rooms last night means anything at all it means that the true spirit of liberalism, that aggressive democracy which will not rest, is more virile in defeat than in victory.

The history of all nations and all parties within nations has shown that it was not in adversity that they were in danger, but in their years of easiest success. In Alberta, where practically the whole country is in favor of those broad doctrines which constitute the liberal faith, years of success at the polls threatened to permit the fighting spirit which is the greatest asset of liberalism to "fade away and gradually die." A reverse is good for liberalism and good for the country. It sheds from the ranks those liberals for revenue only who flock to the standard in times of success, parasites who are a bar to progress and who disappear when adversity overtakes the party.

A word said by George B. Fraser at the meeting last night expressed the idea tersely. The liberal party in this city, he said, is clean. Our chances of success depend on keeping it clean. When we see a man attempting to use the party for his own purpose it is our duty as liberals to shed that man. In the opposition we have no difficulty in doing so, and by doing so we must triumph.

That is the right kind of liberalism and it is the liberalism on which the party was built and arose to greatness.

The expression by Hon. C. W. Cross, that it is the duty of the government to protect the settlers in the situation brought about by the coal strike in the Pass rings true. "Coal," he says, "is as much necessary to the maintenance of life on the prairies as light and air. It is the duty of the government to see to it that the lives of the settlers are not imperilled through the lack of coal. If the operators will not settle the strike it is up to the government, and any government which failed to take action in such a case would be derelict in its duty. It is my idea that the government should, if it becomes necessary, go so far as to undertake the government operation of coal mines. This may sound extreme, but the emergency requires extreme measures, and it is by facing and grappling with such problems that the liberal party will triumph."

"In the language of the baseball fan: 'That's talking to them!' The province of Alberta cannot afford to have it go out to the world that it does not protect the lives of the settlers whom it brings into the country; that it is willing to allow women and children, whose lives on the lonely prairie are hard enough under any circumstances, to suffer through the callous action of a group of coal operators who are already the beneficiaries of a gift from the commonwealth of one of the most valuable resources which the country has been found to contain. If it must be government ownership, then the liberal party is big enough to undertake the solution and to force it through."

Bramley-Moore's opinion that the fundamental principle of liberalism requires freedom of thought and freedom of action is in line with the best opinion of the times. No bowing to a fetish formed by our forefathers will serve in this day and generation, and no party which does not keep a little ahead of the times can ever hope to survive. It is only by the freedom of expression, of thought and of action by the members of the party that the party can become purely democratic and can be representative of the best thoughts of that great big public which by their ballots create all governments.

James McGeorge's expression that a tariff commission as proposed by Mr. Borden is a reversal to the ideas of Charles I and George III is the clarion note of pure democracy. Presented as he presented it, the absurdity of the Borden proposal is too obvious for even serious consideration. That the public should elect representatives to carry on their business and that the taxing power should then be taken out of the hands of these representatives and be placed in the hands of a commission which was not answerable to the people who elected the government is so clearly wrong that only a reactionary could think of such a thing. As Mr. McGeorge puts it, that is what cost the British empire the half of the continent of North America, which is now the United States.

All in all, the young liberal meeting was a fortunate and timely occurrence. It cleared the air of any subterfuge or hypocrisy, of any sentiment of concession to the fogey ideas which will warp a nation's growth, and gave everyone present a grasp of the real issues and the real solution.

The road is clear, the forces are in line, and it will be strange indeed if the young liberals do not become a greater force in the affairs of the city and this province than they have ever been before.

CZARISM NOT PROFITABLE  
IN CORPORATION MANAGEMENT

If the claim made by the machinists in the Grand Trunk Pacific shops is founded on fact, and it seems to be a matter of record, that corporation is guilty of conduct which should be beneath the dignity of such an institution.

In their claims for better terms the men have been conciliatory and forbearing. They asked for a commission, and when the commission was appointed the company calmly ignored not only the men but the government of the Dominion of Canada by failing to send their representative to the sessions of the commission. When the employees went farther and appealed to the man at the head of the corporation they were ignominiously and unceremoniously locked out.

In the conduct of the affairs of large corporations it has become in this latter day pretty generally recognized that the spirit of czarism is not profitable, to say nothing of its moral justice. This lesson, however, has apparently not permeated into the minds of the men in the management of the Grand Trunk Pacific.

DAMAGE TO CROPS  
IS VERY SLIGHT  
HAS MADE NO DIFFERENCE IN THE  
YIELD PER ACRE IN THIS  
DISTRICT.

The damage to crops in the Edmonton district by frost has been so slight as to make practically no difference in the wheat yield, according to Secretary Fisher, of the board of trade, who was at Clover Bar yesterday, investigating conditions where threshing is being carried on on the farm of A. J. Ottewill, Clover Bar. "Mr. Ottewill has about 50 acres of spring wheat that will yield slightly more than 50 bushels per acre," said Mr. Fisher, this morning. "His fall wheat has not been threshed as yet, but indications are that it will give a greater yield than the spring wheat. The wheat that was being turned out yesterday, would grade No. 2 northern. From what I have seen in other parts of the district, the yield on the farm of Mr. Ottewill is about the average for this section of the country. Manager Lawrence of the Bijou theatre, accompanied Secretary Fisher to Clover Bar to secure moving pictures of the threshing operations there."

As yet grain has been shipped from the Edmonton district. No wheat had been delivered in Edmonton by the farmers. In fact threshing is not yet general in the district. Many of the outfits have not started in the season's work. The Alberta Milling company commenced operations this week on last year's wheat. F. E. Bolton, manager of the mills told the Capital yesterday that little new wheat is expected in the city before the end of the month. The mills of Campbell and Ottewill are closed down for repairs. When they commence operations again they probably will use old wheat for a time. Farmers will not start to market their grain until cold weather stops the plowing.

Very few orders for grain cars at Alberta points have been received by the C. N. R., according to information obtained at the divisional superintendent's office this morning, although grain is commencing to move on the section of the division east of Battleford. Many orders for cars are coming in from C. N. R. points between Battleford and Humboldt.

EDMONTON REALTY  
GLASSY BUYING

EDMONTON FIRM REALIZES \$28,000  
PROFIT ON INVESTMENT  
OF \$20,000.

A handsome profit of \$28,000 on an investment of \$20,000 has been realized by F. G. Lowe and company in the sale of property on the southeast corner of Rice street with a sixty-foot frontage on the corner. The Canada Life Assurance company, for \$78,000, F. G. Lowe and company bought the property from H. Brown last November, for \$50,000, making a cash payment of \$10,000, and since paying another \$10,000 in two installments. The Canada Life Assurance company bought the property for cash. The deal was concluded yesterday and word of its consummation was received in Edmonton from Calgary office of the real estate company this morning.

It has been pending for some time, the Canada Life company has made a payment of \$2,000 on the property more than a month ago, to insure holds it, while the matter was taken up with the executive board. It is understood that the company intends erecting a new business building on the property next year. Their present offices are on the opposite side of the street over the offices of F. G. Lowe and company.

The sale of this corner at \$78,000, about 10 per cent. over the purchase price for a distance of 90 feet only, and this amounting to a profit of \$28,000, is a price on the First street frontage. It is now occupied by a single story brick office and store building.

CITY MAY SELL  
NAMAYO PROPERTY

SITE OCCUPIED BY GARMENT FACTORY TO BE SOLD  
TO G. T. P.

Sale of the Western Garment company's property on Namayo avenue, to Agent Howell, believed to be the purchasing agent of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway in this city, for the price of \$20,000 for the two 33 foot lots, fully being legal at the regular meeting of the council tomorrow evening. The matter was discussed at an informal meeting of the council upon an application by the Great West Garment factory the leaseholders, for permission to sell the property.

The lease was granted in April of 1910 for a period of three years, with option of purchase at expiration of the lease, if certain terms as to the amount of the wages bill and number of employees engaged in the industry, are complied with.

CONCERNING EDMONTON.

Secretary Fisher of the board of trade has received a letter from the Record Herald and the Minneapolis Journal containing excellent articles concerning the situation in Edmonton, written by the late William E. Curtis who visited Edmonton this summer. In his articles Mr. Curtis dealt with the growth and possibilities of Edmonton and the surrounding district, giving statistics and showing the increase in settlement and in commercial activity. In one of the articles he tells of the founding of the Alberta university, of its growth and of the plans for the future.

WATERWAYS ACTION  
DRAWING TO CLOSE

(Continued from Page One.)

The men who lent their money to J. G. Morgan had had a right to a guarantee that the money should be kept as a trust fund to assure them that in exchange for their money they should have secured to them an actual physical thing called a railway. They had a right to a guarantee that the money would be used for the purpose for which it was intended, and for none other. It was not competent for the legislature to change the nature of the security as it had attempted to do.

"Your lordship is asked to approve a statute which destroys at a stroke of the pen a security given to J. G. Morgan and company in London, England, a statute which says that the contract made between law, royal bank at its head office and a construction company incorporated under dominion statute, shall be annulled."

"It purports by a single act of a little legislature, to destroy a contractual relation established under dominion law."

Here Mr. Bennett established himself. He did not mean to say that the law that were understood little importance. "For my lord, you see, I was in it," he said and meant to indicate the supremacy on the body in which I now sit." In relation to his own affairs, he said, he was of the view of Alberta was as effective every vine, as that of the Dominion house.

P. Davis, K. C., opening the case for the province A. P. Davis, K. C., pointed out that the king was a party to the case, only as represented by the attorney general. He went on to say that the provincial legislature was every what as powerful in its sphere as the imperial parliament. The only way in which its acts could be changed or nullified was by the action of the imperial parliament at the polls. Whether the legislature was right or wrong in considering the funds of the railway as public property, he was not prepared to say. He was being improperly sandwiched, was for the people alone to decide.

No one would read it out without seeing that its intention was to get back in the hands of the province the \$5,000,000 of the railway for the purpose of the railway. This had been described as "burglary"—he would not for a moment quarrel with that. "If the Alberta government is not entitled to this money, who is? The bond isn't nullified, because it is practically repealed—it can't be built because there is a declaration of the legislature that the money must be used in the construction of the road. The line cannot be built unless a new statute is passed, declaring that default does not exist."

Where the Money Belongs  
"Where the Royal bank to return the \$5,000,000 of the railway money, property belonged to the people of Alberta."

Dealing with Mr. Moss' contention that the recital that "the bonds had been sold" is not true, Mr. Davis said that the fact that the bonds had been sold, that the purchase price had been received. The interim fund was to be followed by such other funds as were necessary to complete the sale. The sale was effective nevertheless.

But whether the recital of the act, valid or not, was not true affected the validity of the act in the slightest degree. It had no effect, however, shown that they were false.

Of the commencement of construction of the line there was no evidence which could be admitted by the court. Such as had been presented was vague and inconclusive.

To preserve their rights under the act, the company was obliged to get its plans approved within a year. Any construction undertaken before the plans were approved, was of necessity illegal. Out of the hands of counsel for the defense had come proof of the truth of the act in the recital that it had been made by the company.

Act Ultra Vires  
Mr. Davis dealt with the argument of the defense that the act in question was ultra vires because it commenced with a recital of banking legislation. He cited authorities to show that in the event of emergency the legislature has the power to legislate in matters of emergency, and that the legislature's power in regard to such matters properly done, might be with the provinces also.

Were an act to be passed in the province declaring that the property of John Jones should become the property of William Smith, that said Mr. Davis, would not be banking legislation—it would be legislation affecting property and civil rights. The duties and privileges of banks were not interfered with in any way, any more than they were today by the garnishment of the property of John Jones. The Waterways legislation provided a parallel case. The illustration of Jones and Smith had been given by counsel for the Royal bank to prove that the Waterways bill was essentially banking legislation. Instead, it went to prove the reverse.

Legislation dealing with property and civil rights was essentially within the sphere of the province. The matter was a purely local one. The province had no property in the railway should be wiped out.

"The legislature could have passed an act repealing the act in question, declared, but thought they had power so to do, they did not exert it. They safeguarded the interests of the bondholders by a guarantee."

"Dealing with the question of the dominion of the railway, Mr. Davis argued that this might be considered to be in Edmonton at the local branch of the bank. Mr. Davis contended that had the Royal bank handed the Waterways money to the bank, the money would have been paid to the province of the act declaring this fund the property of the province would be an act ultra vires."

Store Open 8:30  
a. m. Closes 6  
p. m. Saturdays  
12 p. m.

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New Autumn Styles in  
Silk and Net Waists

ELEGANT STYLES—after the latest models of noted New York designers, charming in their simplicity, yet stylish in the highest degree. Better take a trip to the second floor especially to see them.

Very Pretty Black Messaline Waist, extra quality, non-cutting silk, made with tucks, scalloped front opening beautifully trimmed with buttons and braiding; very special. . . . . 4.50

A Specially Good Black Waist, suitable for elderly women is this one, of heavy messaline silk, made with clusters of tucks and trimmed with soutache braid; rare value at. . . . . 3.50

Semi-Tailored Waist of excellent quality messaline silk in black, navy, red and Copenhagen; made with wide tucks and round yoke, formed with rows of soutache braid. . . . . 4.00

Waists of beautifully embroidered net in ecru or black, lined with Jap silk and trimmed with folds of silk or lace, a value to wonder at. . . . . 2.95

A SPLENDID COLOR RANGE IN  
THESE FAMOUS "BRETAGNE"  
GLOVES AT \$1.00

Dollar Gloves can seldom boast of such excellence of make and finish, such superiority of kidskin, nor such perfection of fit as these famous "Bretagne" Gloves.

Seams are oversewn to give extra strength and durability and every pair sold carries our guarantee of perfect satisfaction, in all sizes and every color range; per pair. . . . . 1.00

"THOROUGHBRED" HATS FOR  
MEN—FALL STYLES READY

"Thoroughbred" Hats are for men of ideals, for men of distinctive tastes. We have a special display of these "Thoroughbred" Autumn Styles and if you will take the trouble to compare you'll find great saving in our prices. Here is but one of a number of styles, made of a superior grade of fur felt in black only, latest shape; special. . . . . 1.50

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Ready With Full Assortments

With comprehensive stocks and values representing the very best of good money's worth the Staple Department is so situated as to offer exceptional satisfaction in each and every one of its numerous lines. These for example:

Bleached Sheet, 25c yard—A splendid sheeting, woven close and strong, bleached to a pure white, 72 inches wide, exceptionally good value; per yard. . . . . 25c

White Saxony Flannel, 10c yard—Our most popular line of White Flannel and deservedly so, as it is a splendid cloth at this price, 30 inches wide with a soft nappy surface; per yard. . . . . 10c

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case. He quoted authorities in proof of his contention that if any private individual relates to property situated outside the province, those rights are beyond the arm of the law. If he were intended to confiscate the money deposited in the Royal Bank, then this money was never actually in the province.

Mr. Ford pointed out that the Royal Bank might have closed all its branches elsewhere, the province of Quebec had the collection of the funds of the Waterways by the government impossible in the case of the province.

"If it is a matter of law," he said, continuing, "this debt can be demanded elsewhere, the province of Quebec could pass an act similar to this, confiscating the same fund as that which the Alberta legislature seeks to confiscate." So in every province of the Dominion might laws be enacted, conferring the same property in each case.

If the power to tax property did not exist, most certainly the power to confiscate did not exist. The fact that a number of decisions relating to taxation in which the point of taxation was localized. These, he held, applied to the case under trial. The funds in the Royal Bank could not be moved in Alberta, but less than could they be confiscated here.

The Imperial Ottoman bank, which was incorporated in Constantinople but whose business was mainly transacted in London, England, where the directors met and where the funds were declared, was held by the English courts to be not liable for income tax, so it could not be liable to the local confiscation of its property.

R. R. Bennett

R. R. Bennett, K.C., M.P., opened the argument for the Royal Bank a few minutes to a 4 o'clock start. He said, was ineffective to accomplish its purpose aimed at. In short and terse sentences he declared that the money intended to be understood, meant that the province was to "burglarize" the money in the bank. The act should have named specific banks within the province, from which the money was to be confiscated.

money out of the bank, except in accordance with the terms of the trust. The first reason that the money could only be withdrawn as for the sections of the railroad were constructed.

"This act is ineffective to accomplish the purpose aimed at," repeated Bennett. "The purpose aimed at is without doubt burglary. To punish this act of confiscation should have been framed in clearest phraseology."

From which the money was to be taken, the exact spot at which the burglary was to occur, should not have been left in doubt. As, however, such "status" had been defined, the legislature, not seeing fit to provide a clearer definition of the location of the offices of the banks from which the money was to be sought, it must be assumed that the head administrative offices were intended. It was not possible to endeavor to read into the act possible meanings.

The privy council had declared all confiscatory legislation, legislation which declared "this money was thus, must be null," must be considered, in clear terms. No ambiguity could be admitted.

"The fund which this statute does not yet been created," said Bennett, "since the bonds are not yet issued. Only the interim bond has been granted."

"If your lordship finds that to make this legislation effective, it is necessary for the arm of the Alberta law to reach out beyond the physical boundaries of this province, then he must find against the province in this act. To all intents and purposes we might as well be an island in the Pacific Ocean, so far as the legal effectiveness of Alberta legislation outside the boundaries of the province is concerned."

"We have an attempt by the provincial legislature to say to the Dominion parliament that section 96 of its statutes should be ineffective. The last analysis it is a deliberate attempt to override the Dominion parliament."

"Is this statute a bar to the bringing of an action against the Royal Bank in Montreal by the A. & G. W. Railway company?" he inquired. "Is it not a fact then that this money belongs and always did belong, not to the government, but to the A. & G. W. Railway? The bonds, though issued by the province, were not issued by them. Terms of interest and all details of the transaction were arranged, not between the government and any other party, but between the bank and the railway company."

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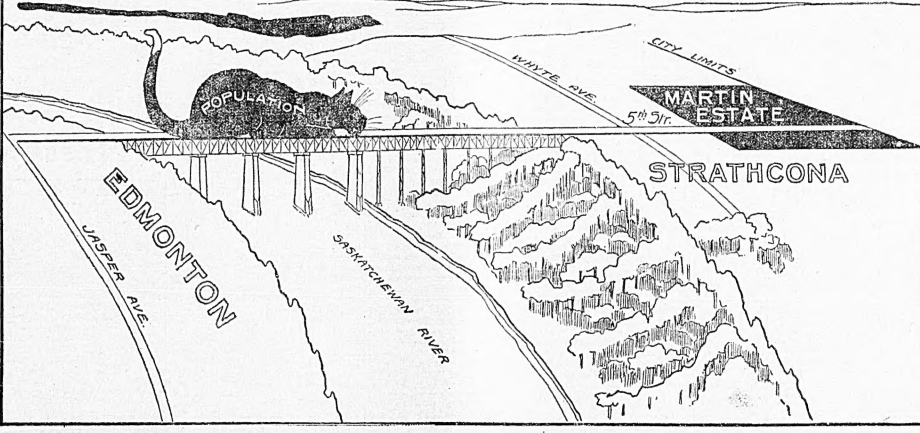
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### McNAMARA BROTHERS, CHARGED WITH WRECKING THE TIMES OFFICE, ON TRIAL TODAY.

(Continued from Page One.)

This is the first act of another great drama which has been written in the struggle between labor and capital when John J. McNamara, secretary of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Ironworkers, and his brother, James H. McNamara, were placed on trial before Judge Walter Howard on charges of wholesale murder by dynamiting in connection with the destruction of the Los Angeles "Times" building at First street and Broadway on the morning of October 1, 1910, a violent disaster which cost the lives of twenty men.

Fredericks stated yesterday that he is prepared to present this case to a jury and that the weight of evidence against the two men is conclusive. The attorneys for the defense say that they are also ready to proceed and that they will ask for neither delay nor continuance.

**Preparing for Months.**

For almost six months the district attorney, assisted by agents of the William J. Burns detective agency, has been preparing for this trial. Almost a dozen editors have been spent by the prosecution and four hundred witnesses have been summoned to appear against the two McNamara brothers, Orrie R. McManis, structural iron worker, former Spanish American war veteran, and informant has been in daily consultation with the district attorney for the last month. McManis is a self-confessed dynamiter and it is upon his testimony that a great portion of

the state's case has been built. Three months ago it was believed that he would not be called as a witness in the case. Recently, however, it was decided by District Attorney Fredericks that McManis should be called. This decision, it was stated, was reached only after every bit of information furnished by McManis had been given complete corroboration. Yesterday McManis, who is held in jail here under grand jury indictment for dynamiting the Llewellyn iron works in this city, said that he was prepared to testify and that he would convince the jury that he was a truthful Harry Orchard.

The scope of the investigation, which has followed the arrest of John J. McNamara in Indianapolis, was revealed yesterday when it was announced by District Attorney Fredericks that the McNamara brothers are wanted for dynamiting in fifteen various states. This number includes only those states, it was announced, where sufficient evidence to warrant a prosecution had been secured. The total number of alleged dynamite explosions attributed to them and to McManis is 100.

**May Take Months.**

No authoritative estimate has been put as to the number of months it will take for the jury to hear the prosecution and the defense. The work of selecting the jury has been estimated at two months and upon this basis it is believed by some that it will take at least six months to hear the first case. Attorneys for the defense have made no announcement as to the number of witnesses they will call. To date they have not asked that they be called. It is generally believed, however, that

about 200 will be summoned by them before the final arguments.

The legal batteries for the defense are being directed by Clarence Darrow, lawyer, philosopher, labor leader and writer. Associated with him are Le Gomphe Davis, who has been prominent in almost every criminal case in Southern California during the last ten years; Joseph Scott, former president of the Chamber of Commerce, prominent Catholic layman, president of the city board of education, and known under the state for his oratory and ability as a pleader; and John Harriman, socialist candidate for mayor.

**\$1,000,000 for Defense.**

Besides these lawyers an able corps of detectives under the direction of Attorney John L. Herrington of Chicago, is assisting. Three weekly newspapers are being published in the interests of the McNamara brothers here and a solid organization has been effected in this city for the majority. It is estimated that at least \$1,000,000 has been spent by the defense in the complete preparation of their case.

No intimation has been given as to line of defense which will be presented. Many rumors have it that Mr. Darrow and his associates will argue the case without calling a single witness. The most generally accepted theory is that the defense will admit a number of points in evidence which will be made by the prosecution, and that they will be able to present an explanation which will show that the entire case is a conspiracy to injure union labor. It has been openly charged that McManis is an employee of the Burns detective agency, and that he was employed a number of years ago. This charge has been denied by Burns and every other officer interested in the prosecution's case.

**McNamara Brothers Satisfied.**

Both the McNamara brothers are entirely satisfied with their attorneys, and the manner in which their defense has been prepared. Long before John J. McNamara was arrested at the headquarters of the structural iron workers in Indianapolis he knew Clarence Darrow. They were intimately acquainted and shortly after his arrest he informed the two McNamara brothers that he intended to take charge of the defense. It was only upon the plea of McNamara and his sons' lawyers, president of the American Federation of Labor, that Darrow consented to defend the two men.

The retaining of Joseph Scott by the defense came as a surprise to many members of the Chamber of Commerce and the Merchants and Manufacturers association. Scott had been an advocate of the open shop and upon a number of public occasions had spoken against the tactics employed by union labor in dealing with non-union employers. His only statement which Scott makes in this regard now is that he hopes the defendants will be given a fair and complete hearing before an unprejudiced jury.

**Jury of Farmers.**

Great care is being taken now by the

### FACTS CONCERNING LOS ANGELES TRIAL

The Defendants—John J. and James H. McNamara, members of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers.

The Charge—Complicity in the alleged dynamiting of the Los Angeles Times building, Oct. 1, 1910, resulting in the death of twenty-one men.

Chief Counsel for the Prosecution—District Attorney John D. Fredericks.

Chief Counsel for the Defense—Clarence Darrow, of Chicago.

Number of Witnesses to Testify—Seven hundred.

Estimated Cost of the Trial—\$800,000.

district attorney and by the lawyers representing the defense, that only unbiased jurors will be empaneled. Special investigators have been canvassing the county for months and the leaning of almost every prospective juror has been determined. As a result of these inquiries it has been announced that the jury will undoubtedly be composed of farmers.

During a part of the trial the grand jury will be kept in session. District Attorney Fredericks recently charged that he had evidence that attempts had been made to influence and intimidate witnesses to remain away from the trial. John L. Herrington, who has charge of the detectives working for the defense, was recently taken before the grand jury to answer a charge of this character. When Herrington refused to answer the interrogations of Assistant District Attorney Ford a warrant charging contempt of court was issued.

It was charged that Herrington had offered the husband of Mrs. O. H. Ingersoll of San Francisco, \$25,000, if he would induce his wife to remain away from Los Angeles during the trial. This woman is regarded as one of the states most important witnesses as it is claimed that J. H. McNamara roomed at her house in San Francisco, before purchasing the dynamite with which it is charged that the Times building was destroyed here on the morning of last October 1.

This, according to the district attorney, was proceeded by an attempt to influence McManis, the informant to desert the prosecution and alien himself with the defense. George Behan, McManis's uncle, came here several months ago with McManis's wife and both of them pleaded with him to see Attorney Darrow. McManis consented to see Darrow, but before the lawyer reached the county jail, the prisoner summoned Malone McLean, a Burns detective, and countermanded his previous order. Since then McManis has repeatedly said that he will tell the truth about what he claims was a gigantic conspiracy on the part of the structural iron workers to destroy property and property owners owned and protected by the steel corporation.

In the statement to the International News Service, yesterday, McManis made no attempt to justify the crimes he says that he committed. He admitted that his present action is prompted by necessity and that the cause he has taken was the only one

left open to him. He now says that his wife is hopelessly estranged from him, and that he has only one hope—to tell to the world what he knows.

Those who know McManis well, say that he will make an excellent witness for the prosecution. He is cool and deliberate and speaks slowly, but without hesitancy. Burns Detective Malone McLean, says that McManis exuded his first crime while almost delirious with enthusiasm and that the commission of this first alleged crime gave J. J. McNamara reason to have confidence in McManis and to assign him to other work.

Recently, McManis, McManis tried to break away and each time he was threatened and forced to continue in which he claims that he was engaged in that McManis confessed to guide him to the place where the home of Detective Sergeant.

**McNamara Non-Committal.**

Neither J. J. McNamara nor his brother have ever categorically denied the charges made against them. Their statements of denial have been confined to the fact that they had no knowledge of the dynamite explosion. "We are innocent and if given a fair trial will prove our innocence."

The physical evidence which will be presented in the trial by the prosecution has been gathered in eight states where it is claimed dynamite explosions occurred under the direction of the McNamara's and McManis. Rifles, registers, dynamite, clocks, ultragraphic, and instruments employed in the construction of infernal machines have been secured, these, according to the district attorney, will be introduced to show the gigantic scope of the alleged conspiracy and to prove the movements of the accused men.

All of these have been secured through the information furnished by James H. McNamara, who has been in his daily action for five years and to relate that which he claims to know concerning J. J. and J. H. McNamara. At this time all of the habits are held by the county clerk. They will not be taken into court until each is required.

**A Dramatic Feature.**

One of the dramatic features, which will add to the tens interest of the trial, will be the possibility of the appearance of either David Graham, or M. A. Schmidt, both of whom are

charged with J. H. McNamara with being responsible for the death of 20 men in the Times building. Schmidt and Graham are supposedly fugitives. Neither the prosecution nor the defense will admit or deny that they know the whereabouts of these two men.

While in Los Angeles recently, Detective Burns informed that he knew where the two fugitives are and that they will be here as witnesses at the trial. No authoritative announcement has been made since, however, and if the two men are arrested or held in restraint. It will not be announced until they are called in the court room. They will probably remain as the unknown factors of the trial—the possibility of their testimony or of their appearance will be a source for speculation until the last witness is called.

These two men, according to the prosecution, assisted J. H. McNamara in purchasing 500 pounds of dynamite in Chicago, California. A part of this purchase was found in an unexploded infernal machine at the home of F. J. Zechander, secretary of the local Merchants and Manufacturers association on the morning following the explosion of October 1. It was this explosive and the clock which first opened the trail to the identity of the purchasers.

**Exhibit of Defense.**

One of the most important exhibits of the defense is nothing more than a "hole in the ground." This unique exhibit, carefully preserved in a large wooden box and zealously guarded to prevent any possible shifting of the surface dirt, is destined to play a leading part in the defense's case, according to the attorneys. The depression made in the surface of the ground in Westlake park just opposite the home of Gen. H. G. Otis was explained as a hole in an infernal machine contained in a cheap suit case discovered underneath the east wing of the Otis home on the afternoon of October 1, 1910. The infernal machine was removed to the park for the purpose of the defense and an explosion followed shortly afterward.

It was claimed by the authorities that the person who placed the instrument of destruction was responsible for the destruction of the newspaper building at First and Broadway. On the other hand, the statement was made that the infernal machine found under Otis' window was merely a ploy to influence public opinion. A similar infernal machine was discovered on the same afternoon near the house occupied by F. J. Zechander on Golden avenue. Early in August of this year the building at First and Broadway was held in the new Hall of Records building. The court room in this building has not yet been secured but it is probable that the infernal machine in the building will be secured. Sheriff W. A. Munroe has charge of the police.

Preparations for the building and handling of the trial have been under way for several months. Judge Walter Birdwell, who is to hear the case has decided that the trial will be held in the new Hall of Records building. The court room in this building has not yet been secured but it is probable that the infernal machine in the building will be secured. Sheriff W. A. Munroe has charge of the police.

Charles McLeod, of the Seaton-Smith company, has been engaged for a visit to his old home in New Glasgow, Nova Scotia.

court as an exhibit.

The men who are presenting the presentation of the two men men have thought that the organization of labor together with education and a higher civilization, has brought better results. Neither District Attorney Fredericks nor his assistant W. J. Ford, nor members of any labor organization, it is believed, will be present at the trial.

"No permanent good has ever come to any labor organization through strikes of violence. Some leaders may have thought that tactics of dynamite would win results for them. The cost, however, is greater than the benefits. We must stay within the law, and when the law is violated it is the duty of the officers sworn with its enforcement to see that justice is done."

This is the way Assistant District Attorney Ford outlines his position toward labor organizations.

**Labor Has Undoubtedly.**

"Organization has undoubtedly been of benefit to labor. But sometimes the ambitions of individual leaders to retain their leadership in the ranks of labor has led them to resort to crime and violence to achieve results for a strike and justify their management thereof, and by such action led to their rejection. They conceal their participation from the rank and file in the organization. This concealment is easily accomplished as the finances necessary can be charged to "organizing purposes" without giving the details to the general membership.

"The acts of such men are not only inimical to the best interests of society but are a gross fraud upon unionists. The best interest of organization labor require that they purge their ranks of such leaders and no friend of the laboring man would advise them to identify their cause with the defense of criminality."

**The Chief Attorneys.**

These two men—Fredericks and Ford—will be the chief directors of the state's case against the McNamara brothers. In the county office they will be assisted by Deputies Arthur Veitch and Hill, and Attorney W. E. Vermylen. Hill has been retained to assist them by the widows of the men killed in the October 1 explosion. Vermylen has had a law experience as a prosecutor and was formerly district attorney of Inyo County, California. He has been retained to assist them by the widows.

Preparations for the building and handling of the trial have been under way for several months. Judge Walter Birdwell, who is to hear the case has decided that the trial will be held in the new Hall of Records building. The court room in this building has not yet been secured but it is probable that the infernal machine in the building will be secured. Sheriff W. A. Munroe has charge of the police.

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